

# 2024 INTEGRATED FOODBORNE OUTBREAK RESPONSE AND MANAGEMENT (INFORM) CONFERENCE

**#CM4749**

Note: Continuing Education Events are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. CDC is providing continuing education for Plenary Sessions only.

## AGENDA

### Sunday, January 21, 2024

|      |         |                           |
|------|---------|---------------------------|
| 1:00 | 3:00 PM | Open Sessions             |
| 3:00 | 3:30 PM | Break                     |
| 3:30 | 5:30 PM | Open Sessions             |
| 5:30 | 7:30 PM | Dinner on Your Own        |
| 7:30 | 8:30 PM | Welcome Evening Reception |

### Monday, January 22, 2024

|       |          |                     |
|-------|----------|---------------------|
| 7:30  | 8:15 AM  | Sunrise Sessions    |
| 8:30  | 10:00 AM | Welcome and Keynote |
| 10:00 | 10:30 AM | Break               |

#### **10:30–11:45 AM**

#### **PL1 – Plenary Session 1: State of Outbreaks Panel**

- **Blickenstaff, Karen, MS, CORE Response Staff Director, U.S. Food and Drug Administration**
- **Collier, Sarah, MPH, Deputy Branch Chief, Outbreak Response and Prevention Branch, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**
- **Garman, Katie, MPH, Foodborne and Enteric Diseases Program Director, Tennessee Department of Health**
- **Medus, Carlota, PhD, MPH, Epidemiologist Supervisor, Foodborne Diseases Unit, Minnesota Department of Health**
- **Turner, Lauren, PhD, Lead Scientist/Scientist III, Virginia Department of General Services, Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services**
- **Wise, Matthew, PhD, MPH, Branch Chief, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**







## **OBJECTIVES**

1. Identify at least one way that enteric disease outbreak investigations can lead to improvements in food safety.
2. Discuss at least one way that different levels of governmental agencies collaborate in outbreak investigations.
3. Describe at least one way in which new technologies can support the detection of enteric disease clusters.
4. List at least one example of how interdisciplinary public health professionals collaborate in outbreak investigations as a team.
5. Provide at least one example of how public health professionals are advancing health equity on enteric disease across all government agencies.

## ACCREDITATION STATEMENTS:



In support of improving patient care, this activity has been planned and implemented by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and **Association of Food and Drug Officials (AFDO), Association of Public Health Laboratories (APHL), Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO), Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE), Food and Drug Administration (FDA), National Association of County and City Health Officials (NACCHO), National Environmental Health Association (NEHA), and the United States Department of Agriculture Food Safety and Inspection Service (USDA-FSIS)**. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention is jointly accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME), the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE), and the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC), to provide continuing education for the healthcare team

**CME:** The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



